

INNER BINARY AVERAGE

$$\langle H_{\text{PERT}} \rangle \approx -\frac{Gm_1}{4} \frac{r^2}{r_1^3} \left[1 - 3\sin^2(\omega+f)\sin^2 I \right]$$

θ	$\dot{\theta}$
M	E
w	L
R	L_z

$$\frac{\partial \langle H_{\text{PERT}} \rangle}{\partial M} = \ddot{E} = 0$$

$$a \equiv \text{const}$$

$$(1-e^2)^{1/2} \cos I \equiv \text{const}$$

$$\frac{r^2}{a^3} = \frac{r^2}{a^2} \cdot \frac{a^2}{a^3}$$

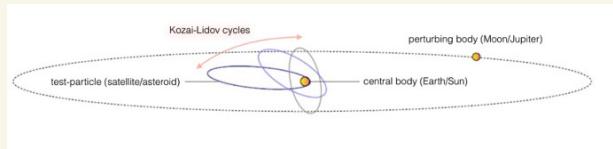
$$\left(\frac{r}{a}\right)^2 \approx 1 - 2e \cos M + \frac{e^2}{2} (3 - \cos 2M)$$

$$\sin^2(\omega+f) = [\sin \omega \cos f + \sin f \cos \omega]^2$$

$$= \sin^2 \omega \cos^2 f + \sin^2 f \cos^2 \omega + 2 \sin \omega \cos \omega \sin f \cos f$$

$$\langle \langle H_{\text{PERT}} \rangle \rangle = -\frac{Gm_1}{8} \frac{a^2}{a_1^3} \left[2 + 3e^2 - 3(1-e^2 + 5e^2 \sin^2 \omega) \sin^2 I \right]$$

OSCILLATIONS



$$\langle\langle H_{\text{PERT}} \rangle\rangle = -\frac{Gm_1}{8} \frac{a^2}{a_1^3} \left[2 + 3e^2 - 3(1-e^2 + 5e^2 \sin^2 \omega) \sin^2 I \right]$$

$$\dot{j}_1 = -\frac{\partial H}{\partial \theta_1}$$

$$\dot{\theta}_1 = \frac{\partial H}{\partial j_1}$$

ANGLE θ	ACTION J
$\theta_1 = M$	$J_1 = (\mu a)^{1/2}$
$\theta_2 = \omega$	$J_2 = L = J_1 (1-e^2)^{1/2}$
$\theta_3 = \Omega$	$J_3 = l_2 = J_2 \cos I$

$$\dot{j}_1 = \frac{\partial H}{\partial \theta_1} = 0 \quad \therefore \dot{\theta}_1 = 0$$

$$\dot{j}_3 = \frac{\partial H}{\partial \theta_3} = 0 \quad \therefore \dot{l}_2 = 0$$

$$\dot{j}_2 = -\frac{\partial H}{\partial \omega} = \dot{l}_2 \neq 0$$

$$= -\frac{15}{8} \frac{Gm_1}{a_1^3} \frac{a^2}{a_1^2} e^2 \sin^2 I \sin 2\omega \quad L = [\mu a (1-e^2)]^{1/2}$$

$$(\mu a)^{1/2} \cdot \frac{(-e \dot{e})}{(1-e^2)^{1/2}} = -\frac{15}{8} \frac{Gm_1}{a_1^3} \frac{a^2}{a_1^2} e^2 \sin^2 I \sin 2\omega \quad \mu = G(m_0 + m_1)$$

$$\cancel{(\mu a)^{1/2}} \cdot \frac{(-e\dot{e})}{(1-e^2)^{1/2}} = -\frac{15}{8} Gm_1 \frac{a^2}{a_1^3} e^2 \sin^2 I \sin 2\omega \quad \mu = G(m_0+m_1)$$

$$\dot{e} = \frac{15}{8} \left(\frac{Gm_1}{a_1^3} \right) \left[\frac{G(m_0+m_1)}{a^3} \right]^{-1/2} e (1-e^2)^{1/2} \sin^2 I \sin 2\omega$$

$= n$

$$\dot{e} = \frac{15}{8} \frac{n_1^2}{n} e (1-e^2)^{1/2} \sin^2 I \sin 2\omega$$

$$L_2 = [\mu a (1-e^2)]^{1/2} \cos I = L \cos I$$

$$\dot{L}_2 = \dot{I} \cos I - L \sin I \dot{I} = 0$$

$$= \cancel{(\mu a)^{1/2}} \cdot \frac{(-e\dot{e})}{(1-e^2)^{1/2}} \cos I - \cancel{(\mu a)^{1/2}} \frac{(1-e^2)^{1/2}}{(1-e^2)^{1/2}} \sin I \dot{I} = 0$$

$$\dot{I} = -\frac{e}{(1-e^2)} \frac{\cos I}{\sin I} \dot{e} = -\frac{e^2}{(1-e^2)^{1/2}} \frac{\cos I}{\sin I} \frac{15}{8} \frac{n_1^2}{n} \cancel{e (1-e^2)^{1/2}} \cancel{\sin^2 I} \sin 2\omega$$

$$\dot{I} = -\frac{15}{16} \frac{n_1^2}{n} e^2 (1-e^2)^{-1/2} \sin 2I \sin 2\omega$$

CRITICAL ANGLE

$$\langle\langle H_{PERT} \rangle\rangle = -\frac{Gm_1}{8} \frac{a^2}{a_1^3} \left[2 + 3e^2 - 3(1-e^2 + 5e^2 \sin^2 \omega) \sin^2 I \right]$$

$$\dot{j}_1 = -\frac{\partial H}{\partial \theta_1}$$

$$\dot{j}_2 = \frac{\partial H}{\partial J_1}$$

ANGLE θ	ACTION J
$\theta_1 = M$	$J_1 = (\mu a)^{1/2}$
$\theta_2 = \omega$	$J_2 = L = J_1 (1-e^2)^{1/2}$
$\theta_3 = \Omega$	$J_3 = L_z = J_2 \cos I$

$$\dot{\omega} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial J_2}$$

$$J_1 = (\mu a)^{1/2} \quad \therefore$$

$$J_2 = J_1 (1-e^2)^{1/2} \quad \therefore$$

$$J_3 = J_2 \cdot \cos I \quad \therefore$$

$$a = J_1^2 / \mu$$

$$e^2 = 1 - \frac{J_2^2}{J_1^2}$$

$$\sin^2 I = 1 - \frac{J_3^2}{J_2^2}$$

KOZAI-LIDOV HAMILTONIAN IN ACTIONS:

$$\langle\langle H_{PERT} \rangle\rangle = -\frac{Gm_1 a^2}{8a_1^3} \left[5 + 3 \frac{J_3^2}{J_1^2} - 6 \frac{J_2^2}{J_1^2} - 15 \left(1 - \frac{J_2^2}{J_1^2} - \frac{J_3^2}{J_2^2} + \frac{J_3^2}{J_1^2} \right) \sin^2 \omega \right]$$

$$\dot{\omega} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial J_2} = \frac{3Gm_1 a^2}{4a_1^3 J_2} \left[2 \frac{J_2^2}{J_1^2} + 5 \left(\frac{J_3^2}{J_2^2} - \frac{J_2^2}{J_1^2} \right) \sin^2 \omega \right]$$

$$\langle \langle H_{PERT} \rangle \rangle = -\frac{6M_1 a^2}{8J_1^3} \left[5 + 3 \frac{J_3^2}{J_1^2} - 6 \frac{J_2^2}{J_1^2} - 15 \left(1 - \frac{J_2^2}{J_1^2} - \frac{J_3^2}{J_2^2} + \frac{J_3^2}{J_1^2} \right) \sin^2 \omega \right]$$

$$\ddot{\omega} = \frac{\partial H}{\partial J_2} = \frac{3GM_1 a^2}{4J_1^3 J_2} \left[2 \frac{J_2^2}{J_1^2} + 5 \left(\frac{J_3^2}{J_2^2} - \frac{J_2^2}{J_1^2} \right) \sin^2 \omega \right]$$

For $\ddot{\omega} = 0$ $\sin^2 \omega = 1 \therefore \omega = \pm 90^\circ$

$$2 \frac{J_2^2}{J_1^2} + 5 \left(\frac{J_3^2}{J_2^2} - \frac{J_2^2}{J_1^2} \right) = 0$$

$$-3 \frac{J_2^2}{J_1^2} + 5 \frac{J_3^2}{J_2^2} = 0 \quad \therefore J_2 = \left[\frac{5}{3} J_3^2 J_1^2 \right]^{1/4}$$

$J_1 = (\mu a)^{1/2}$	$J_2 = J_1 (1-e^2)^{1/2}$	$J_3 = J_2 \cdot \cos I$
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$$J_2 = \left[\frac{5}{3} J_2^2 \cos^2 I J_1^2 \right]^{1/4} = J_2^{1/2} \left[\frac{5}{3} \cos^2 I J_1^2 \right]^{1/4}$$

$$J_2 = \left[\frac{5}{3} \cos^2 I J_1^2 \right]^{1/2} = \left(\frac{5}{3} \right)^{1/2} J_1 \cos I$$

$$(1-e^2)^{1/2} = \left(\frac{5}{3} \right)^{1/2} \cos I \quad \text{Set } e \rightarrow 0$$

$\cos I_{CRIT} = \left(\frac{3}{5} \right)^{1/2}$
$\approx 40^\circ$