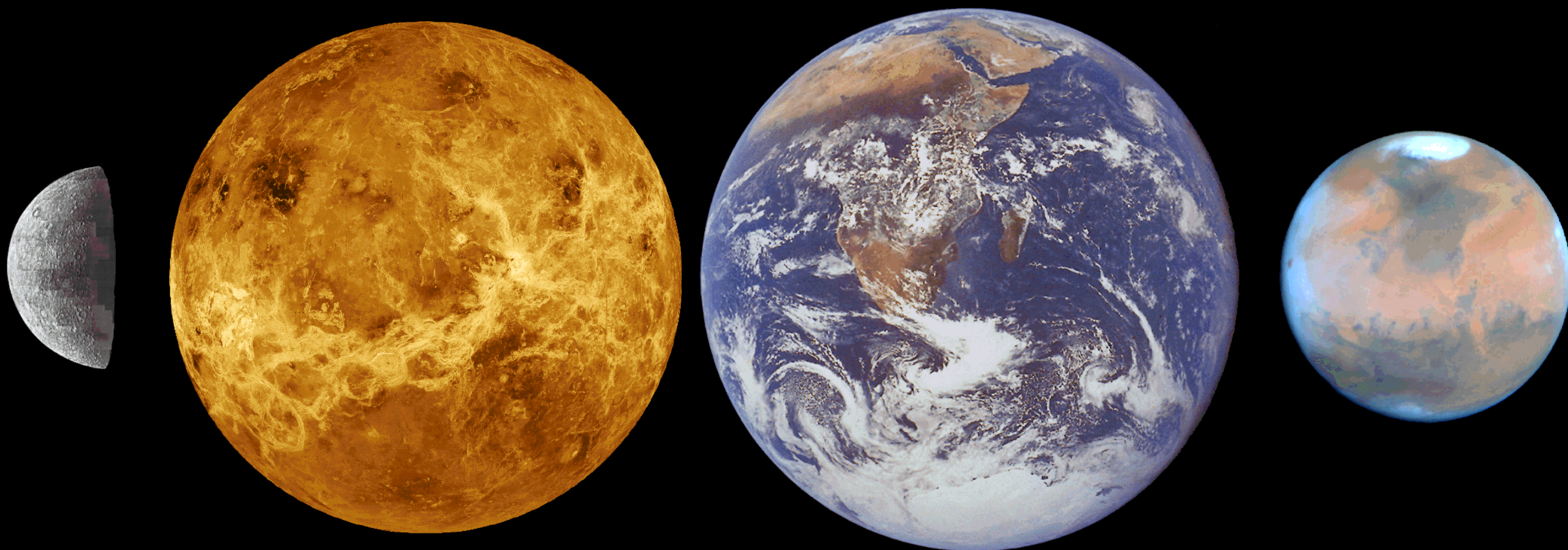


Terrestrial Planets II:

Venus and Mars



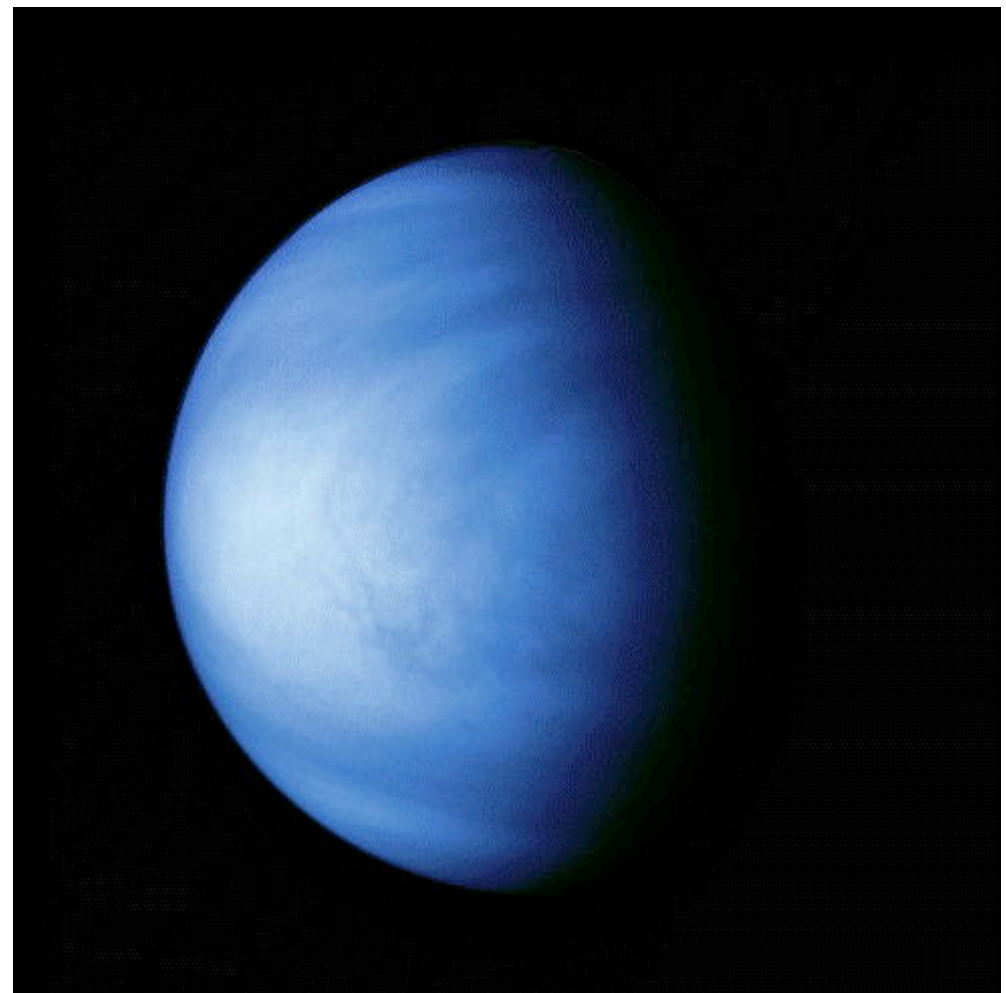
Venus

Distance to the Sun = 0.72 AU

Radius = 6,050km = 0.95 Radius-of-Earth

Surface temperature = 900F

Pressure of atmosphere = 98 atm

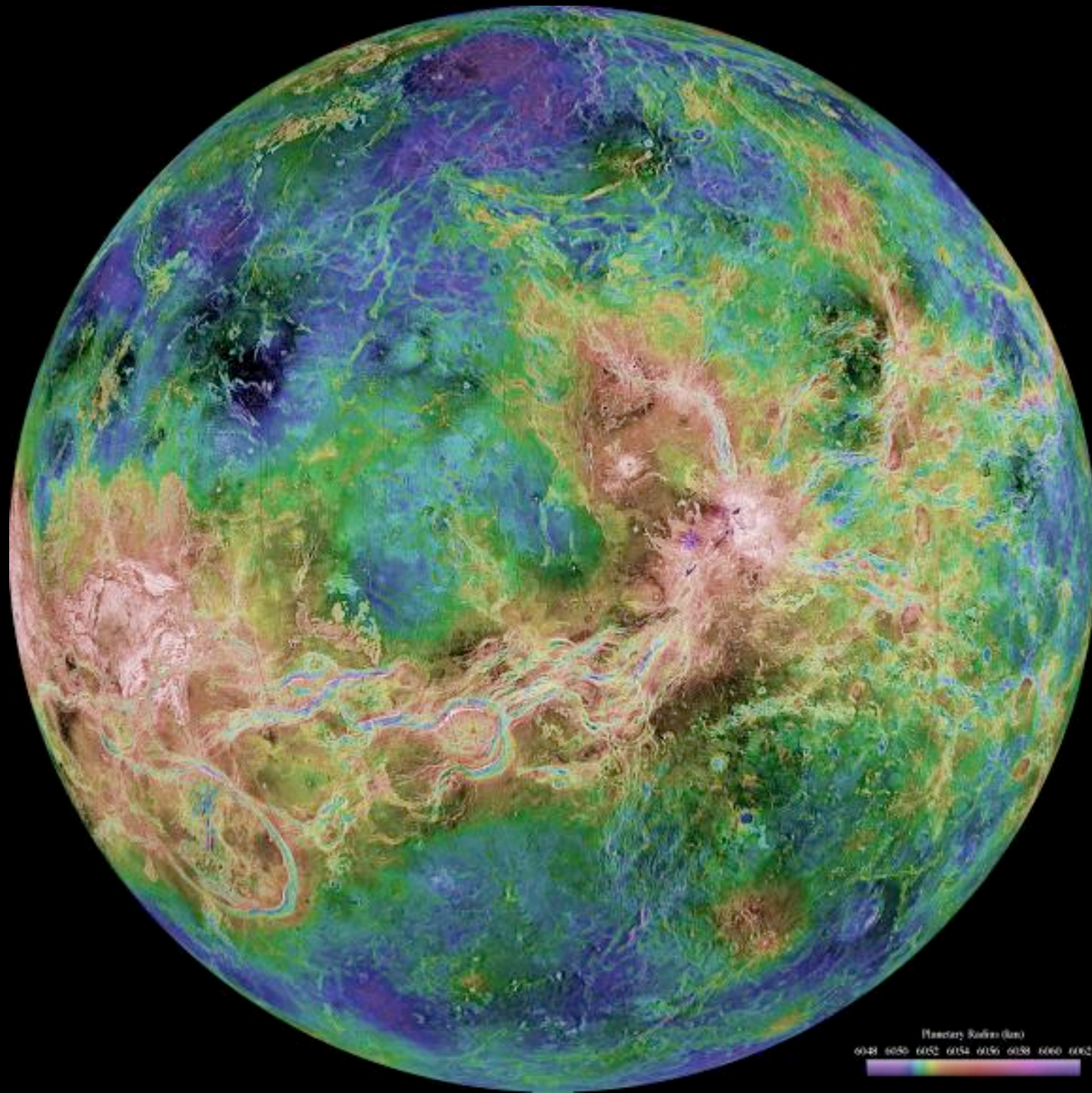


In mass and density, Venus is nearly the Earth's twin. Venus' atmosphere is very thick and opaque. **The atmosphere is about 95% carbon dioxide.** Other components are also present: Nitrogen, water vapor, sulfuric acid

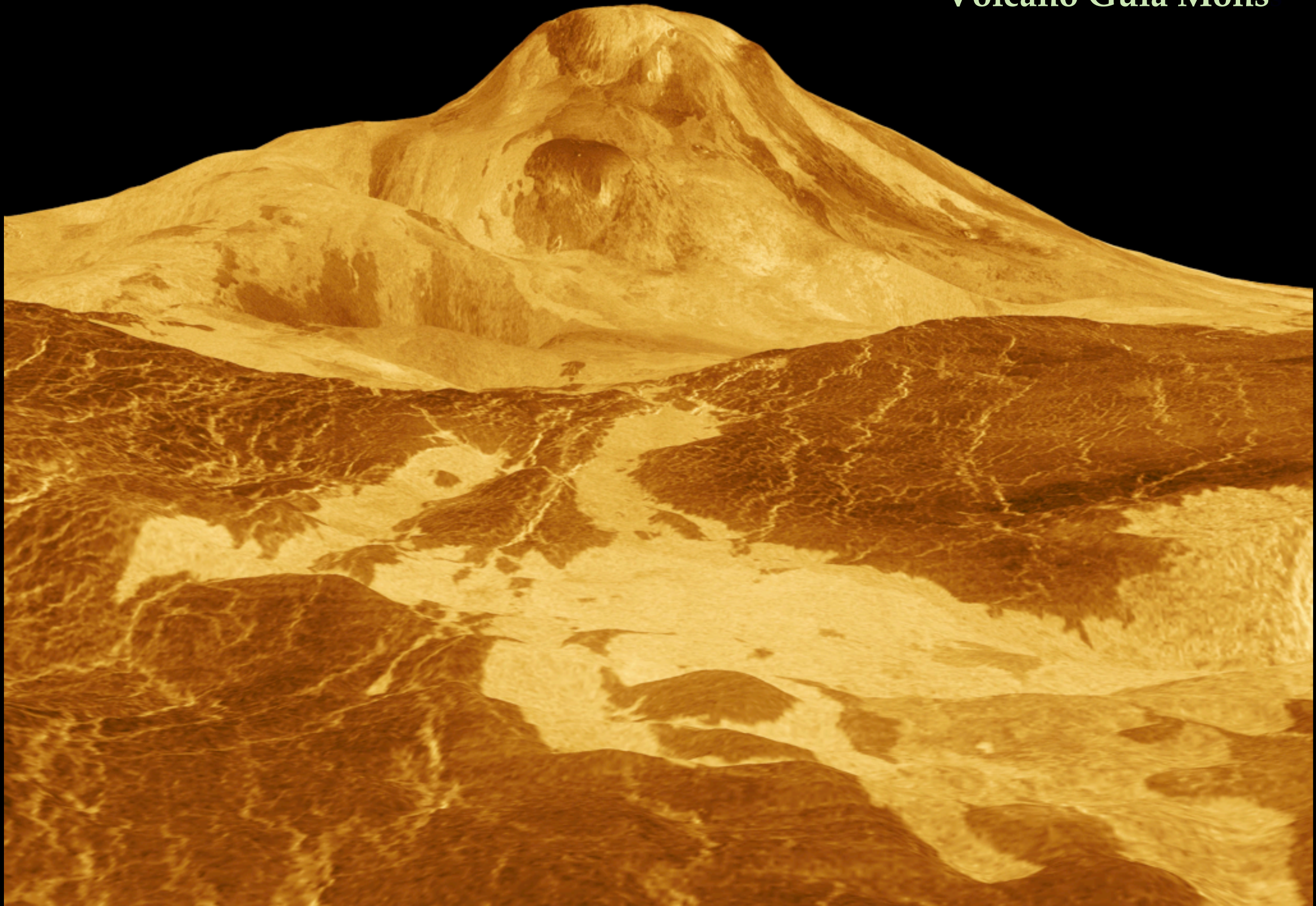
Heat is trapped near the planet's surface by a runaway Greenhouse Effect, that produces a surface temperature of nearly 470C.

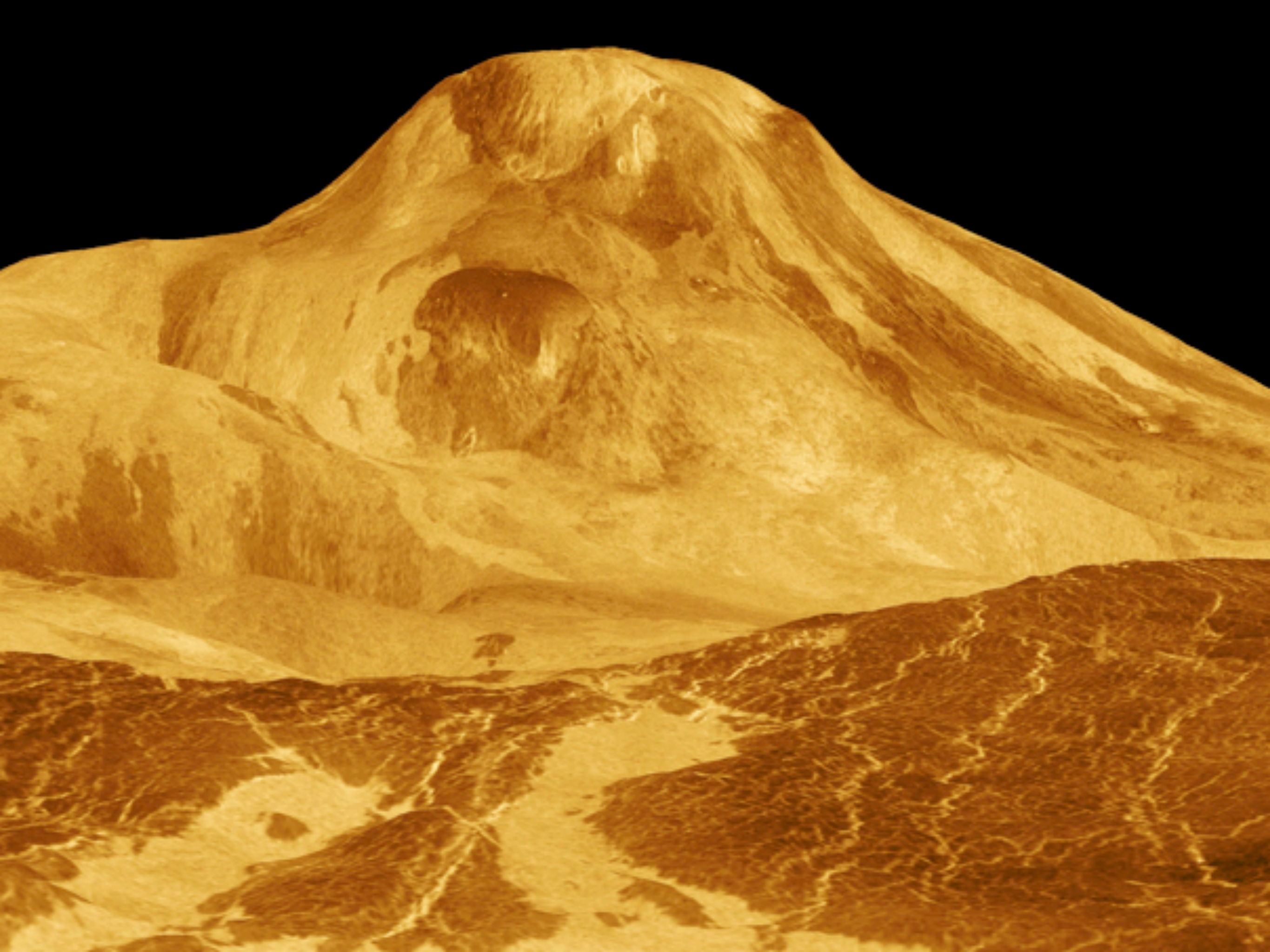
The planet has been imaged from orbit using the Magellan radar mapping system. The surface was photographed by the Russian Venera spacecraft.

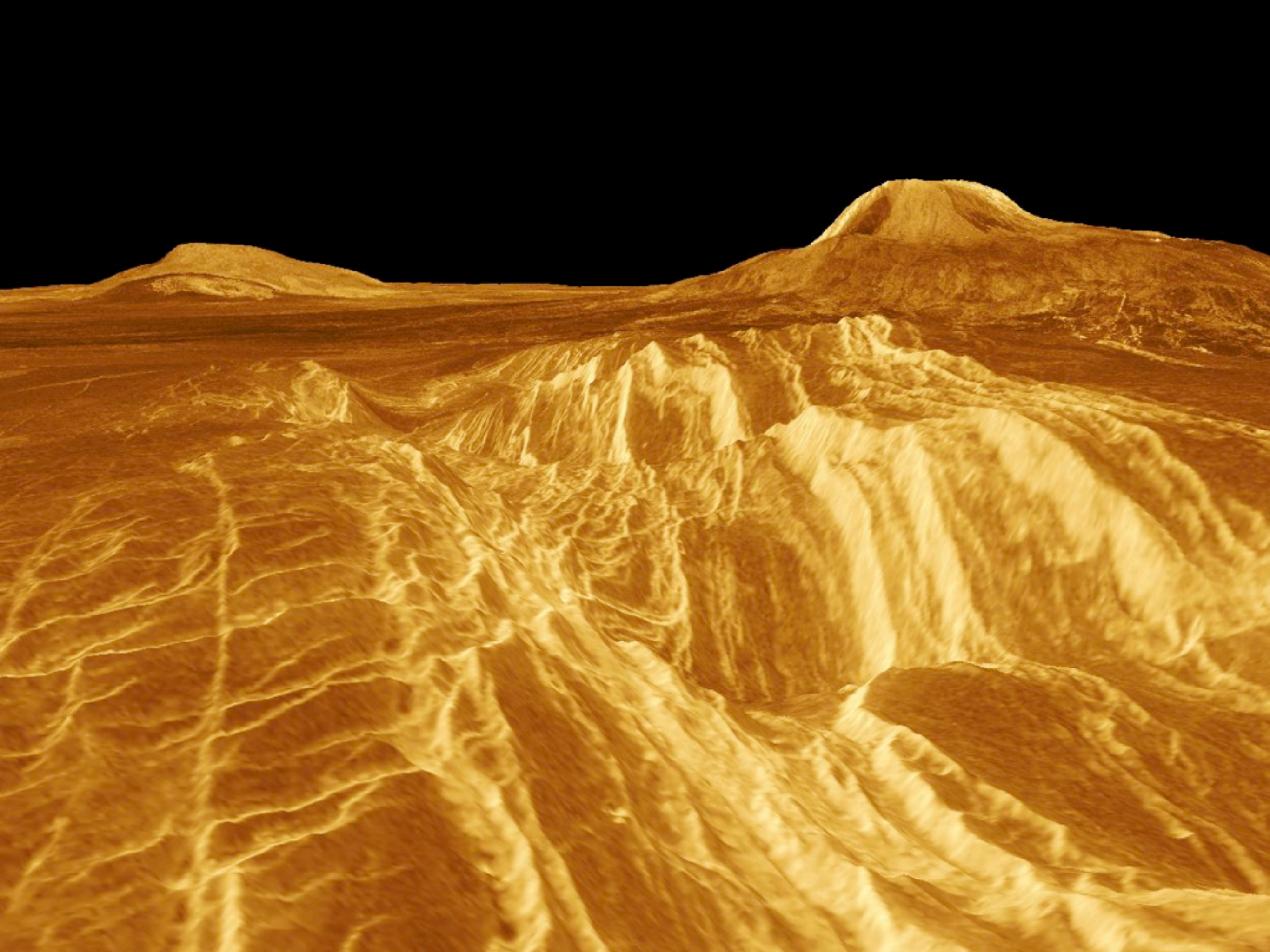
Global view: Volcanoes and lava flows



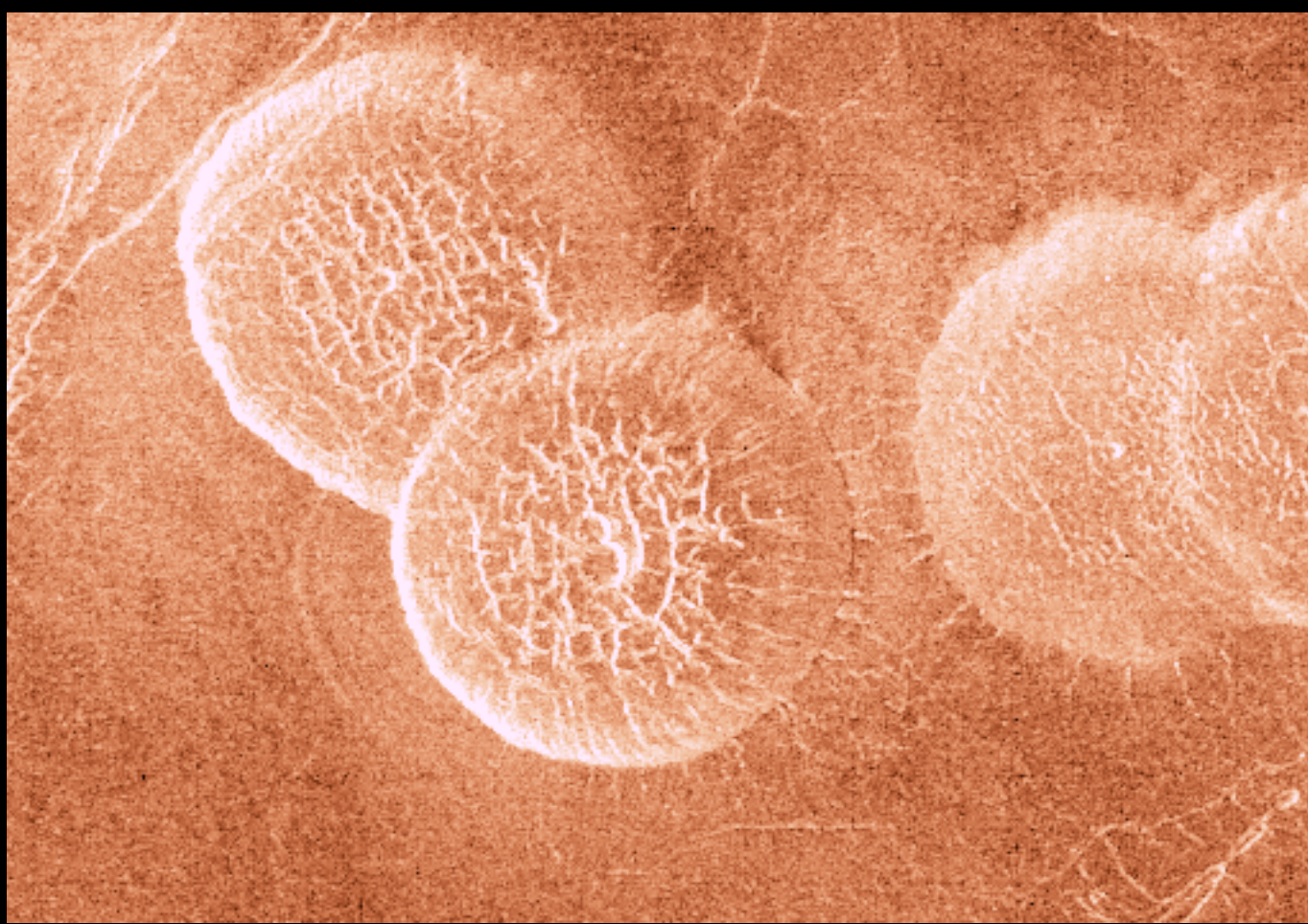
Volcano Gula Mons



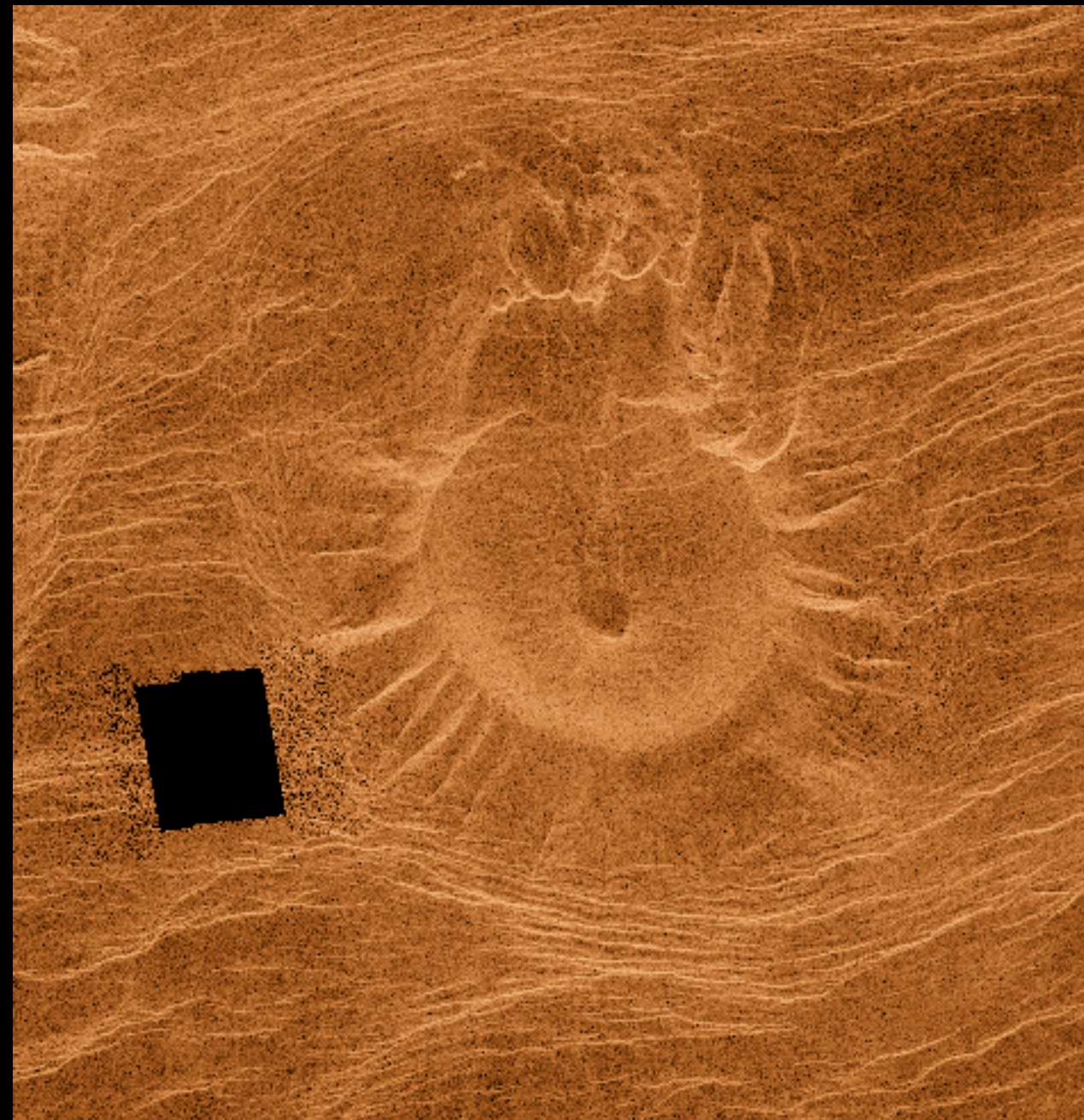


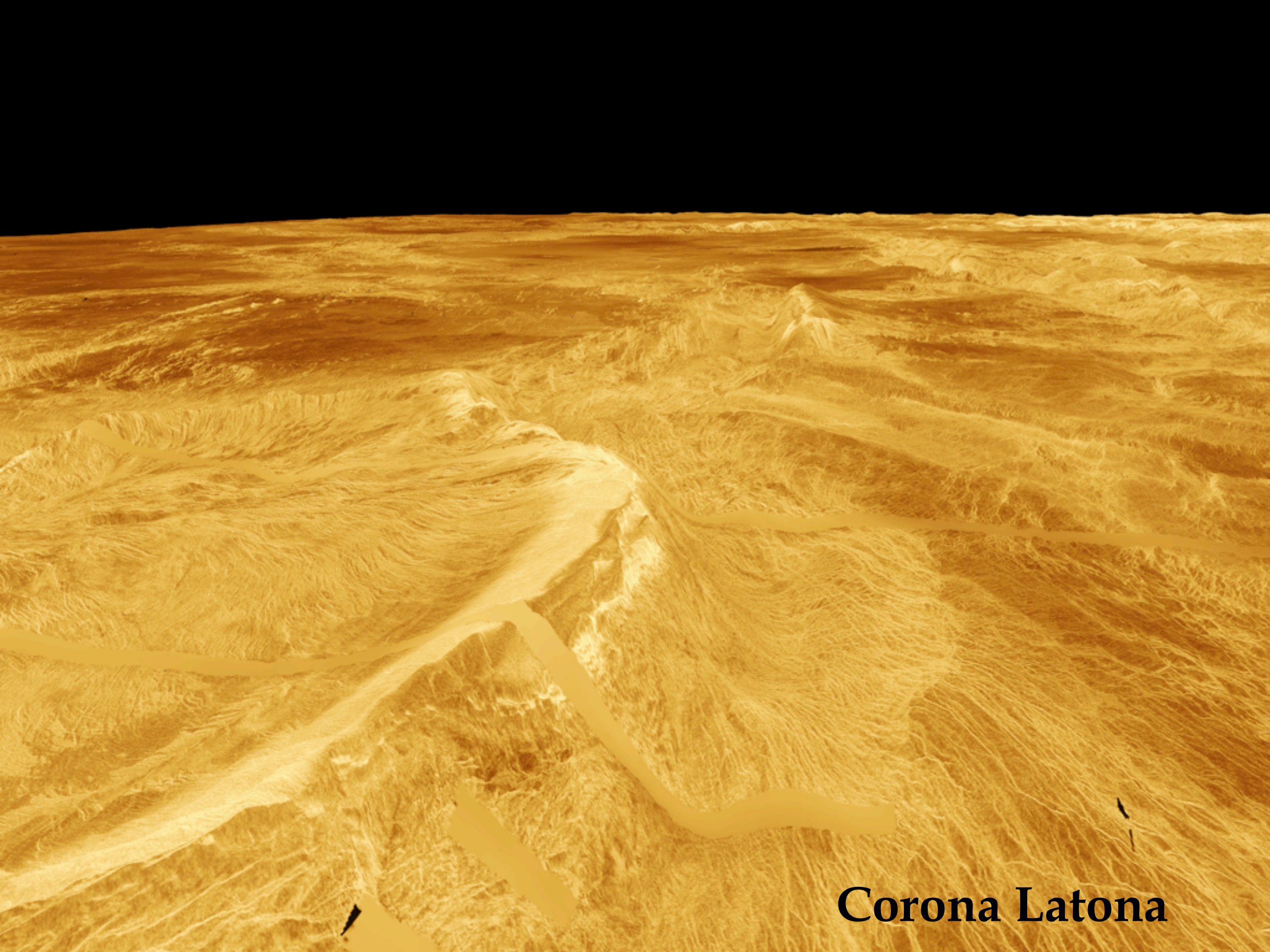


Pancake Volcanoes



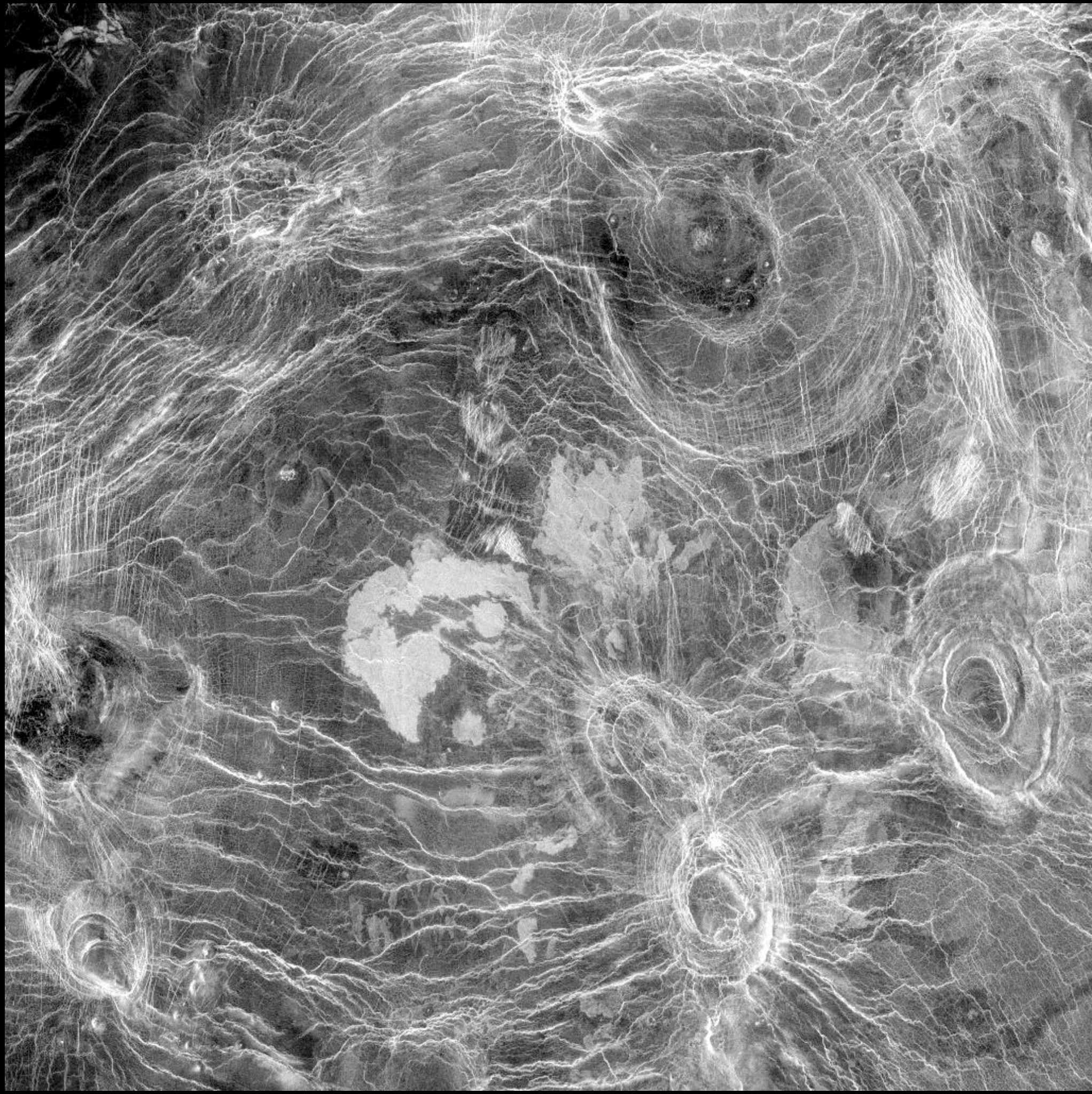
“Tick” Volcano

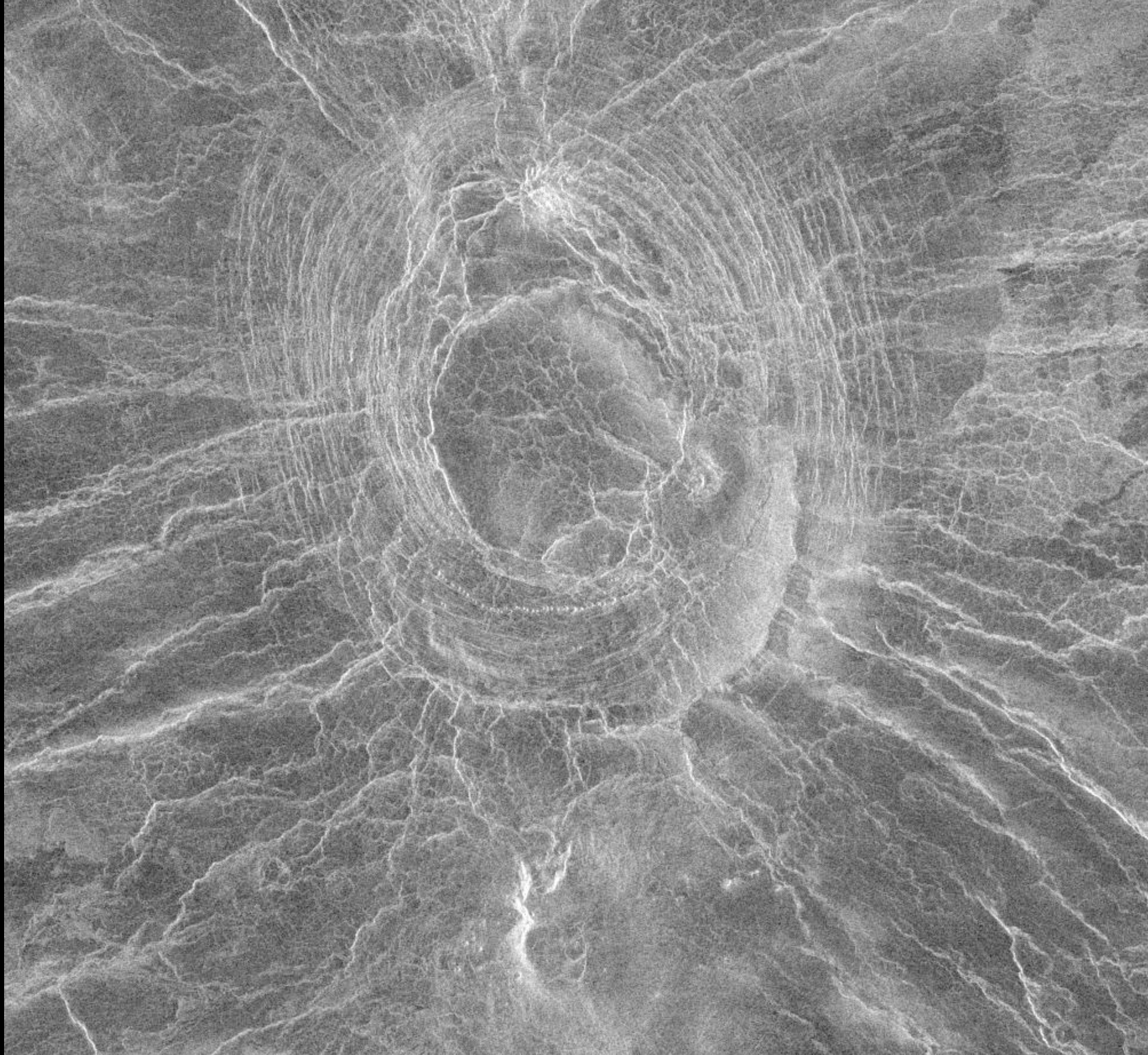




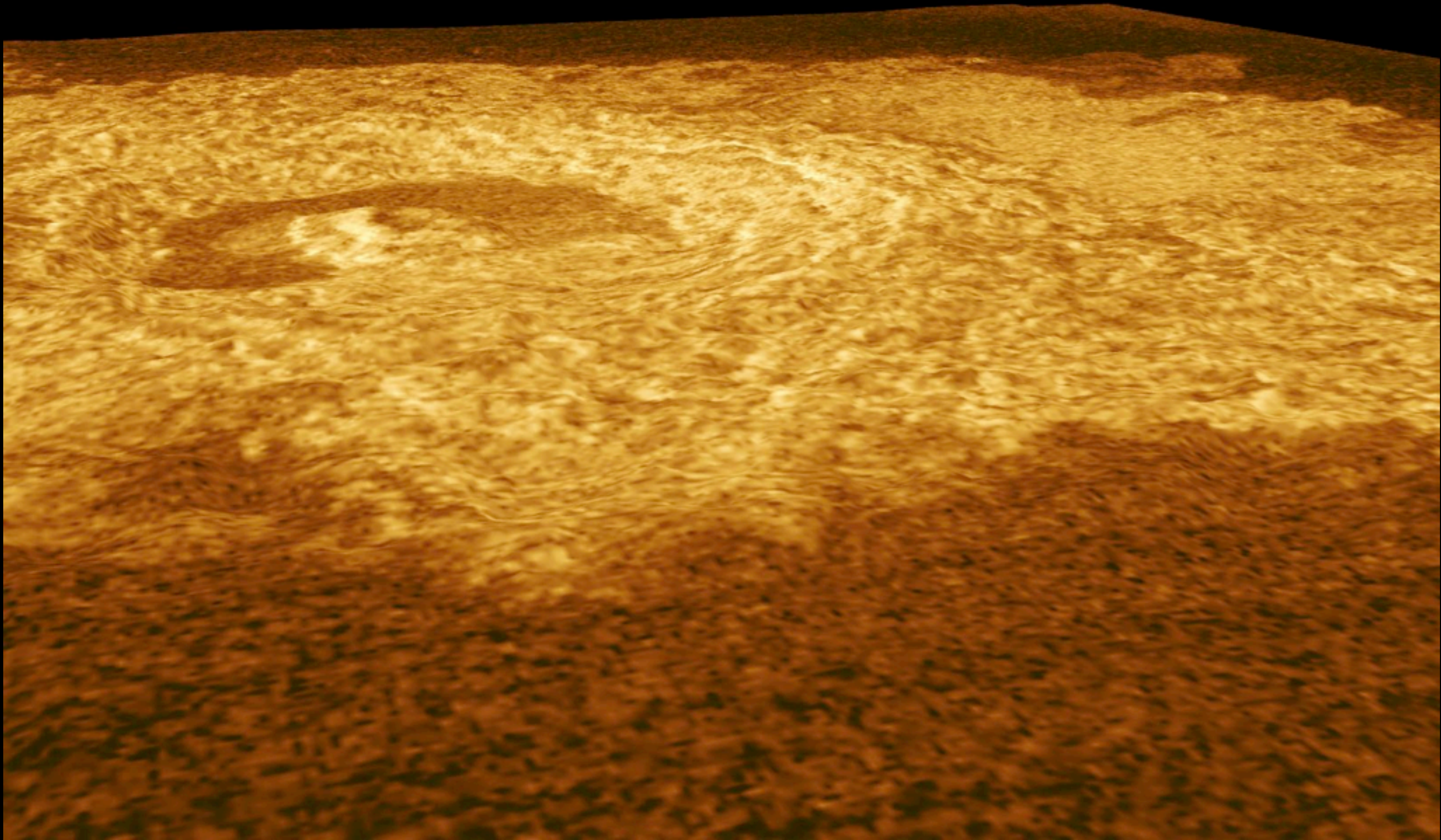
Corona Latona

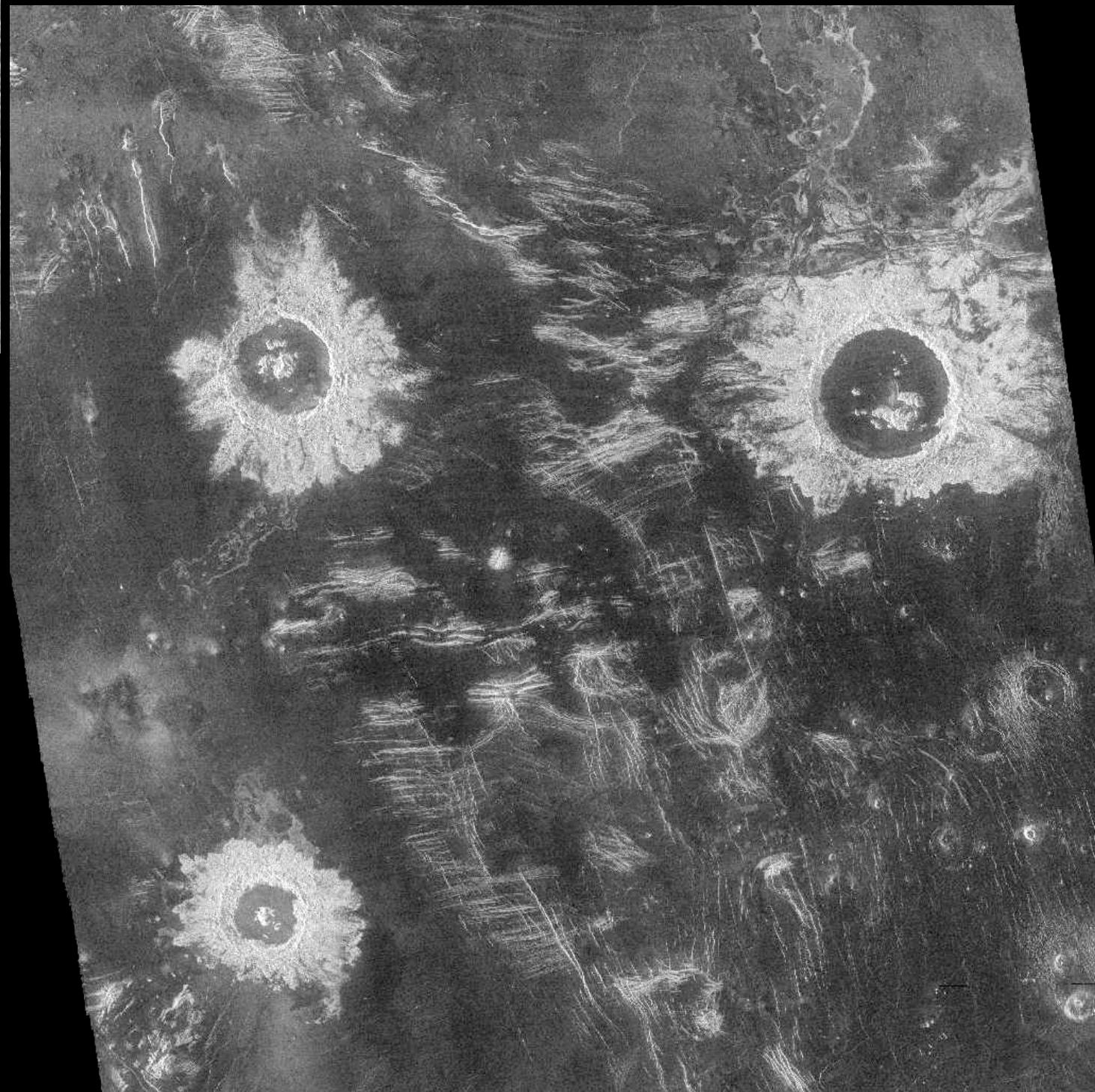
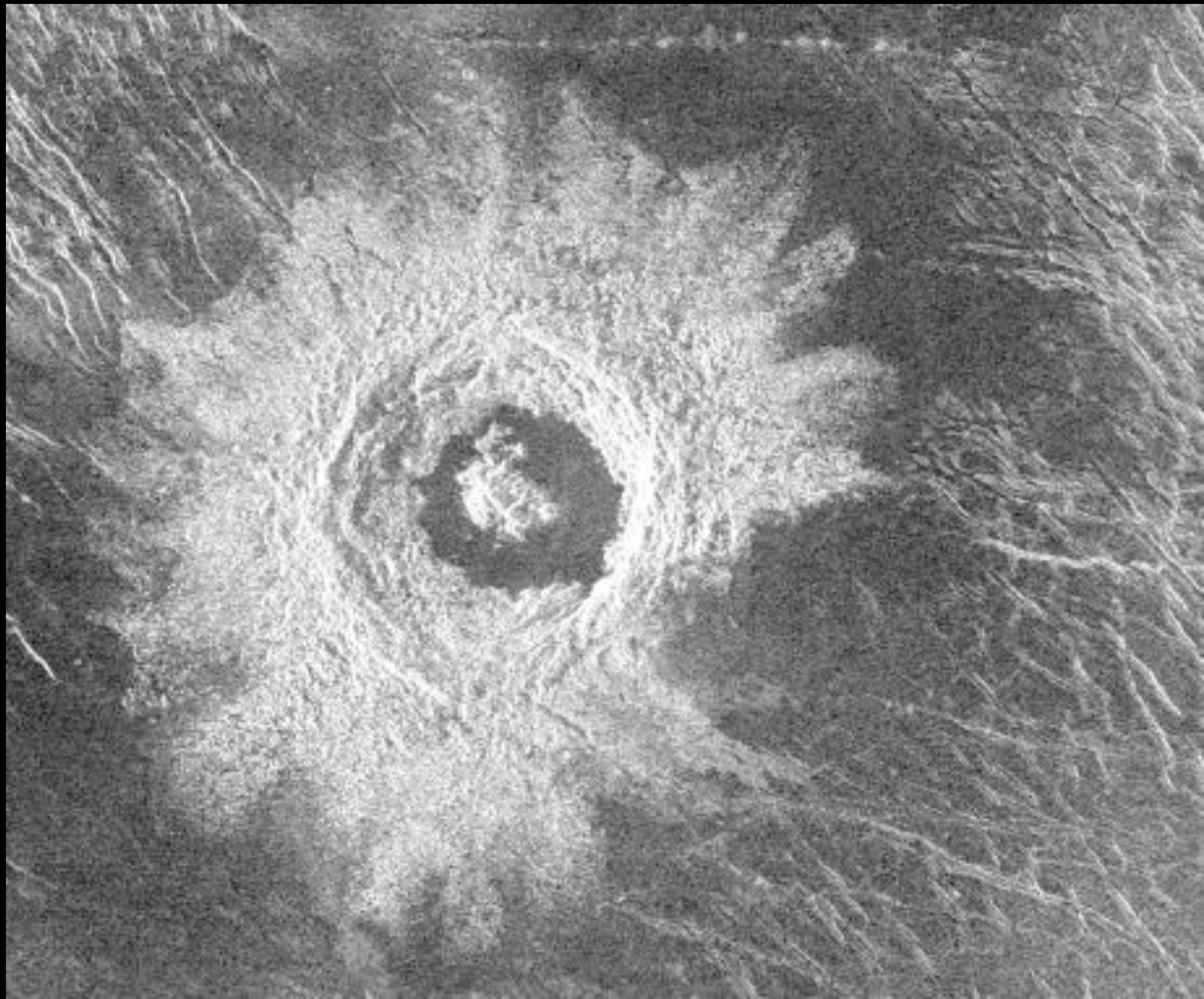
Corona





Impact Crater





Mars

Distance to the Sun = 1.52 AU

Radius = 3390 km = 0.53 Radius-of-Earth

Mass = 0.11 Mass-of-Earth

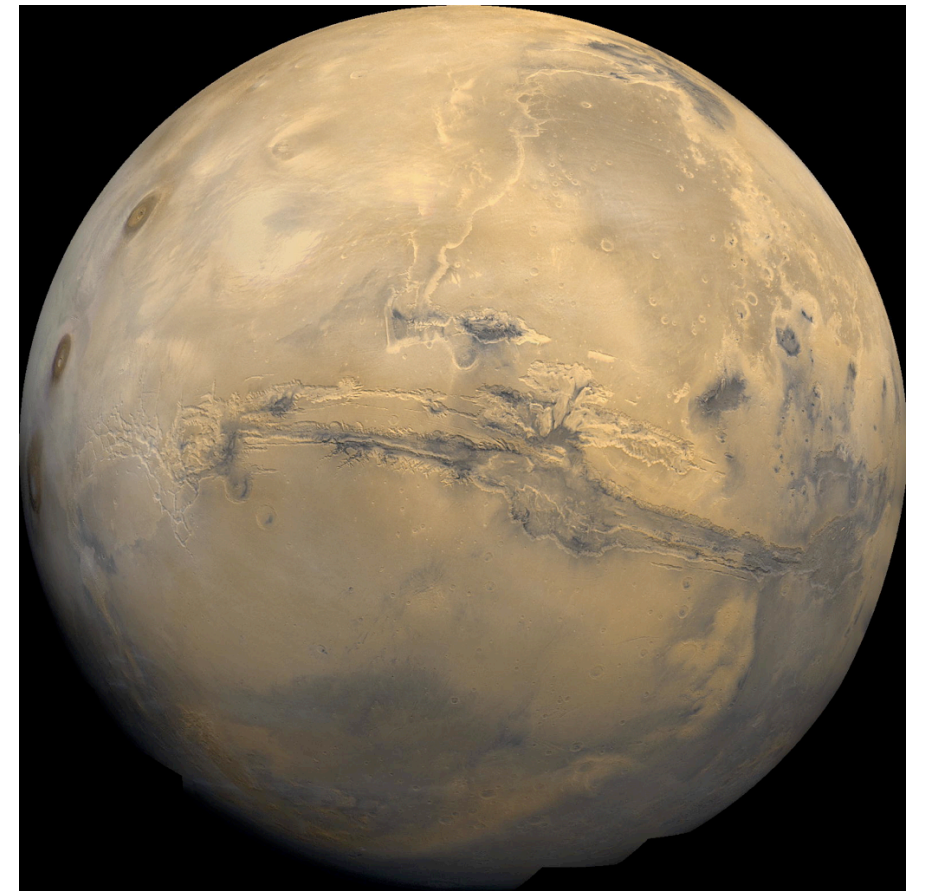
Period of rotation = 24.6 hrs

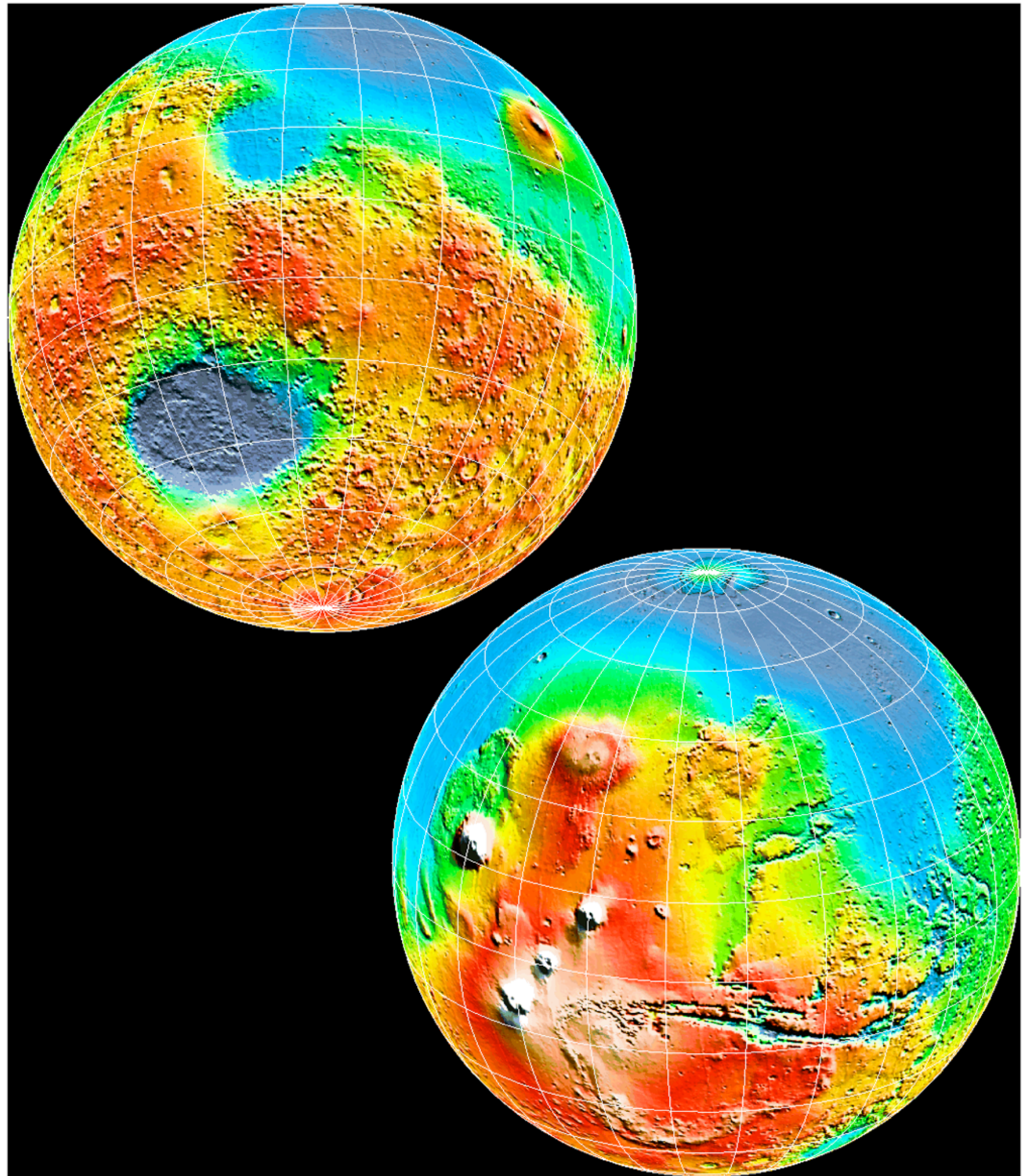
Orbital period = 687 days

Density = 4 g/cm³

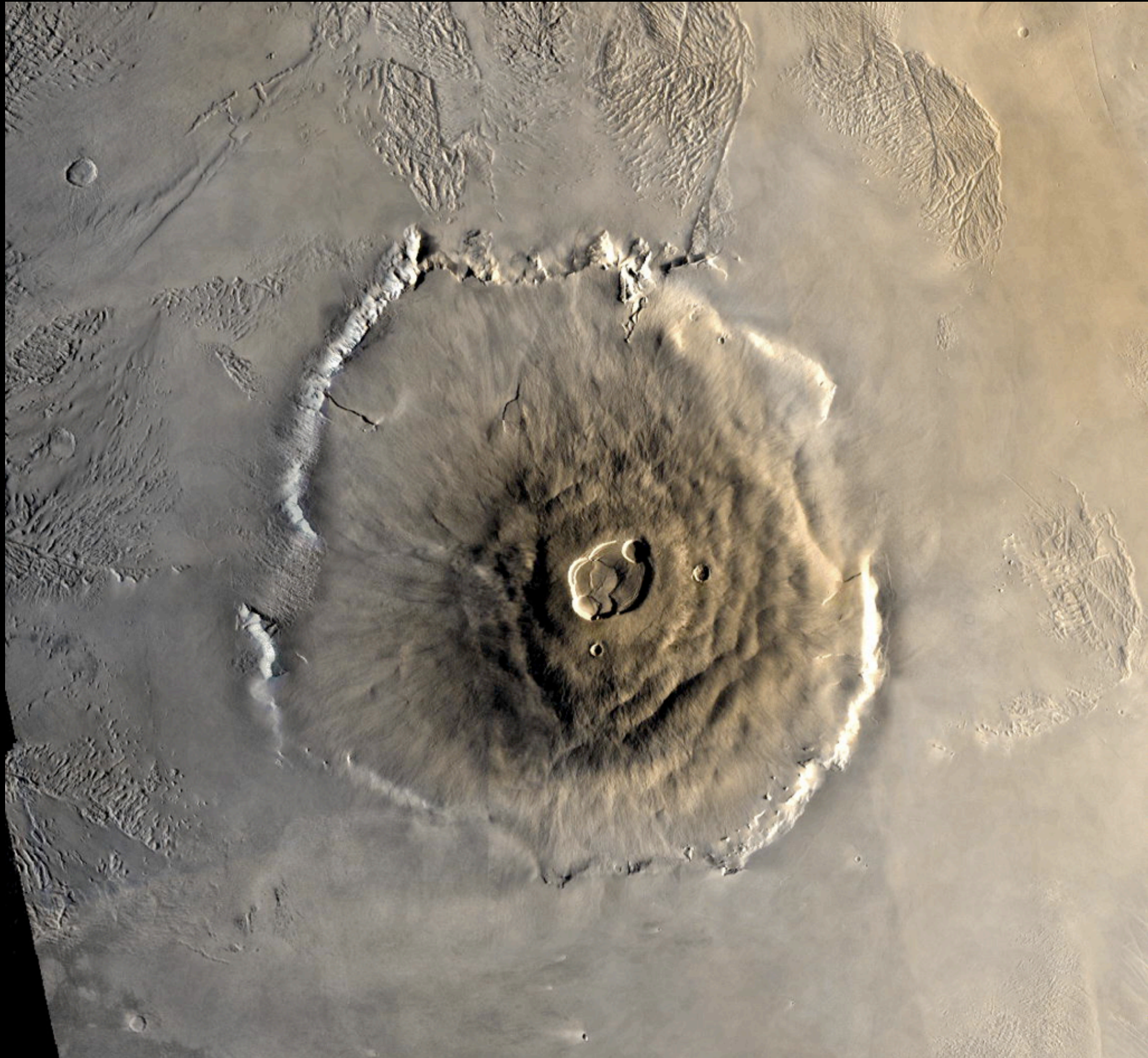
Atmosphere: 95% CO₂, few % of N and Ar

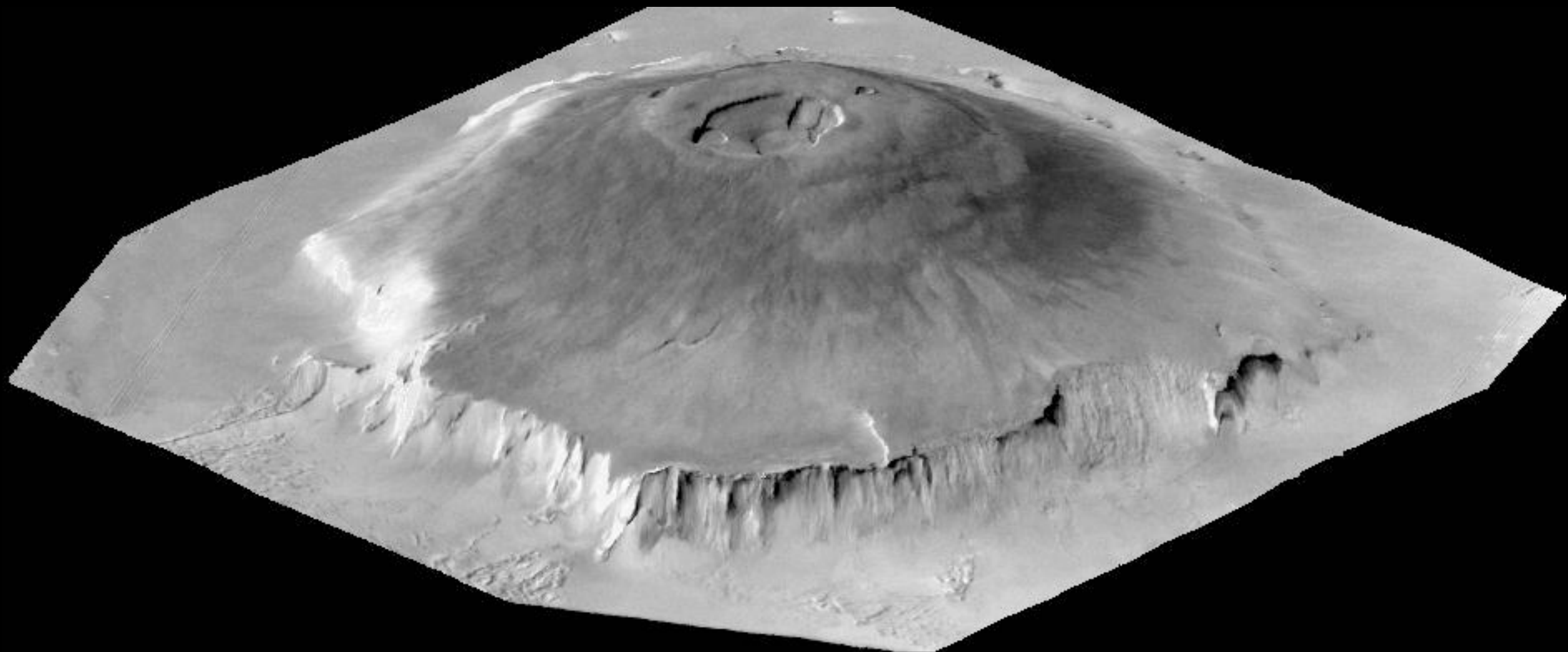
Temperature: from -220F to 60F

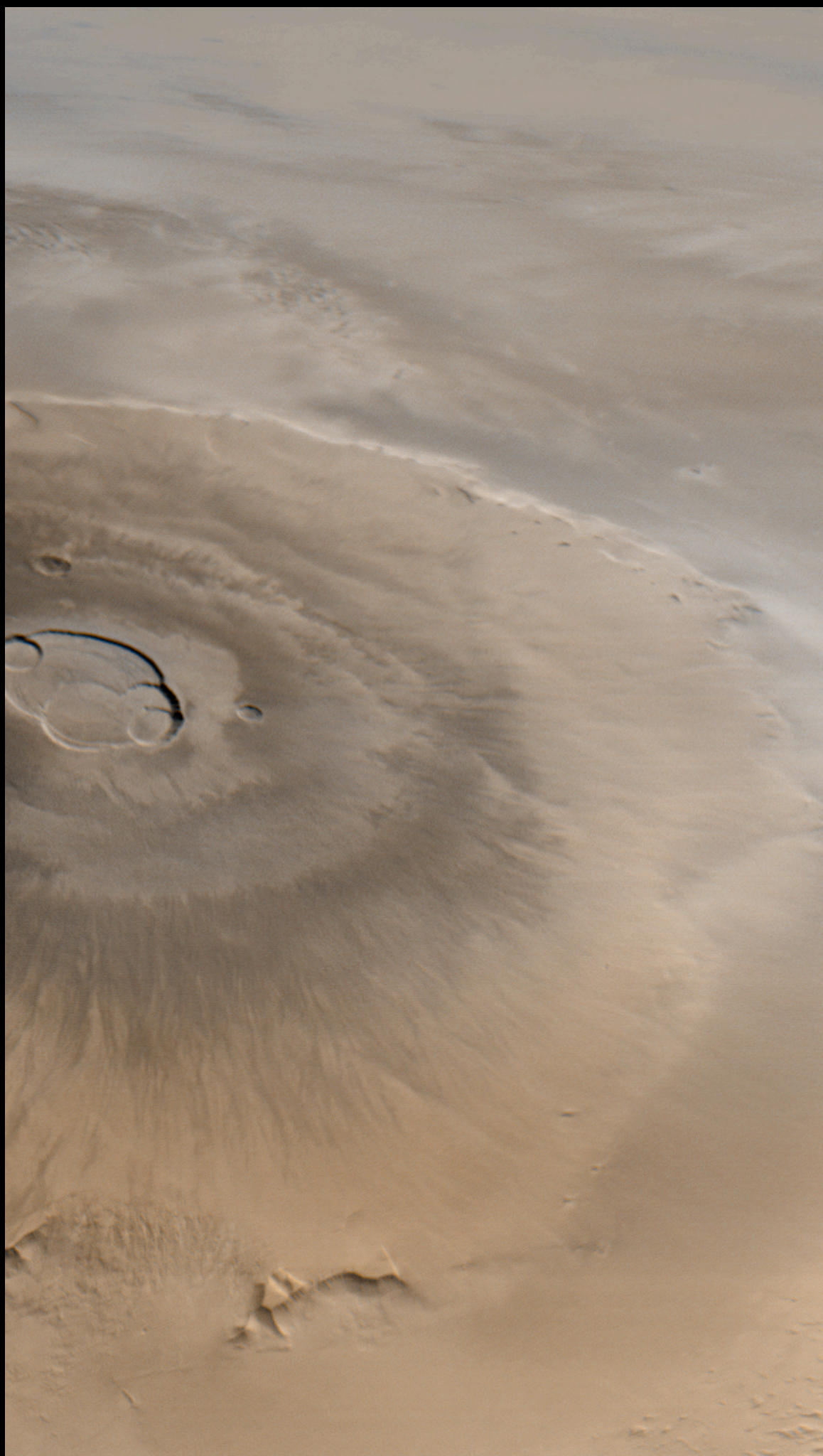




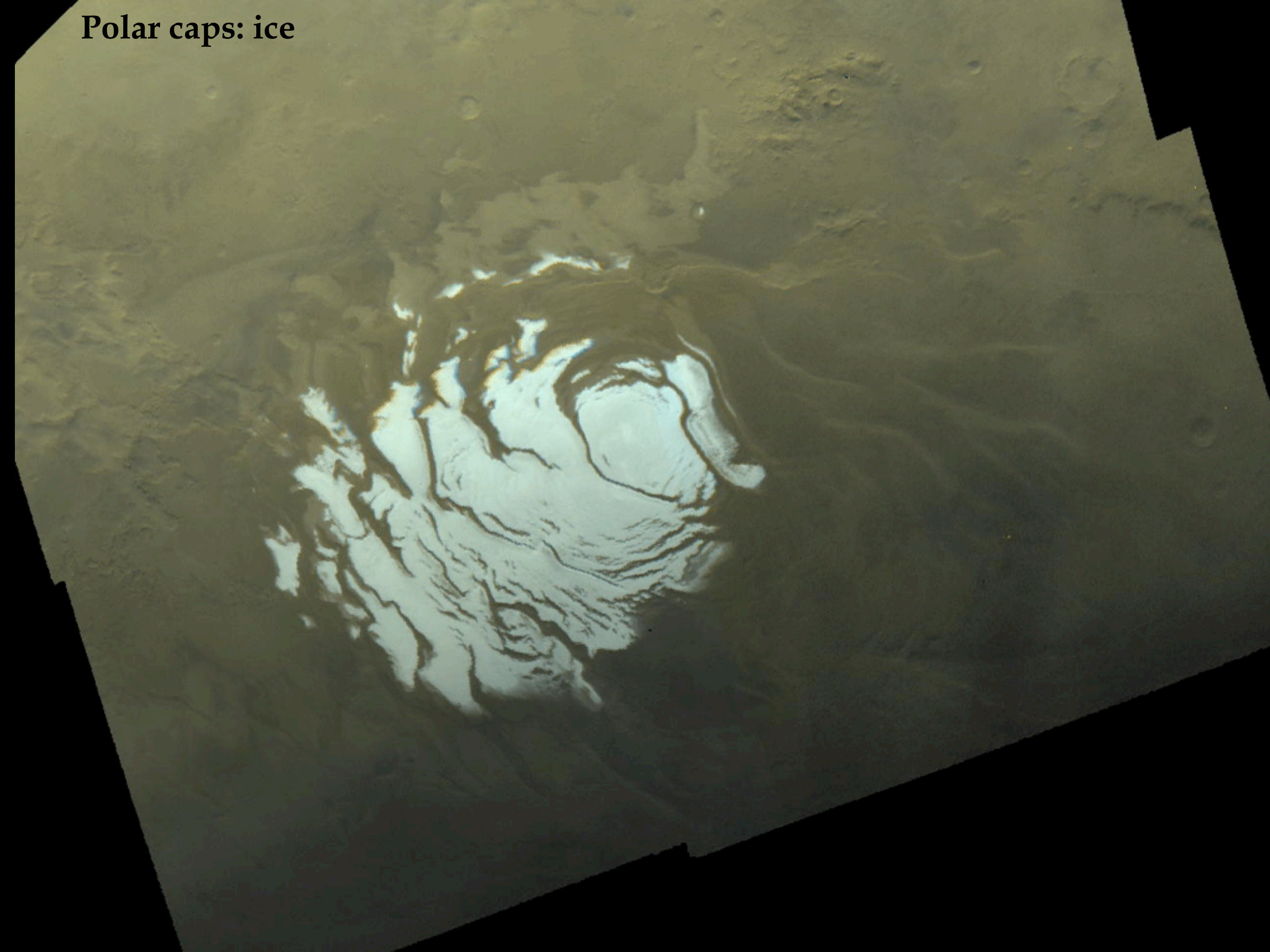
Olympus Mons: the largest volcano in the Solar System

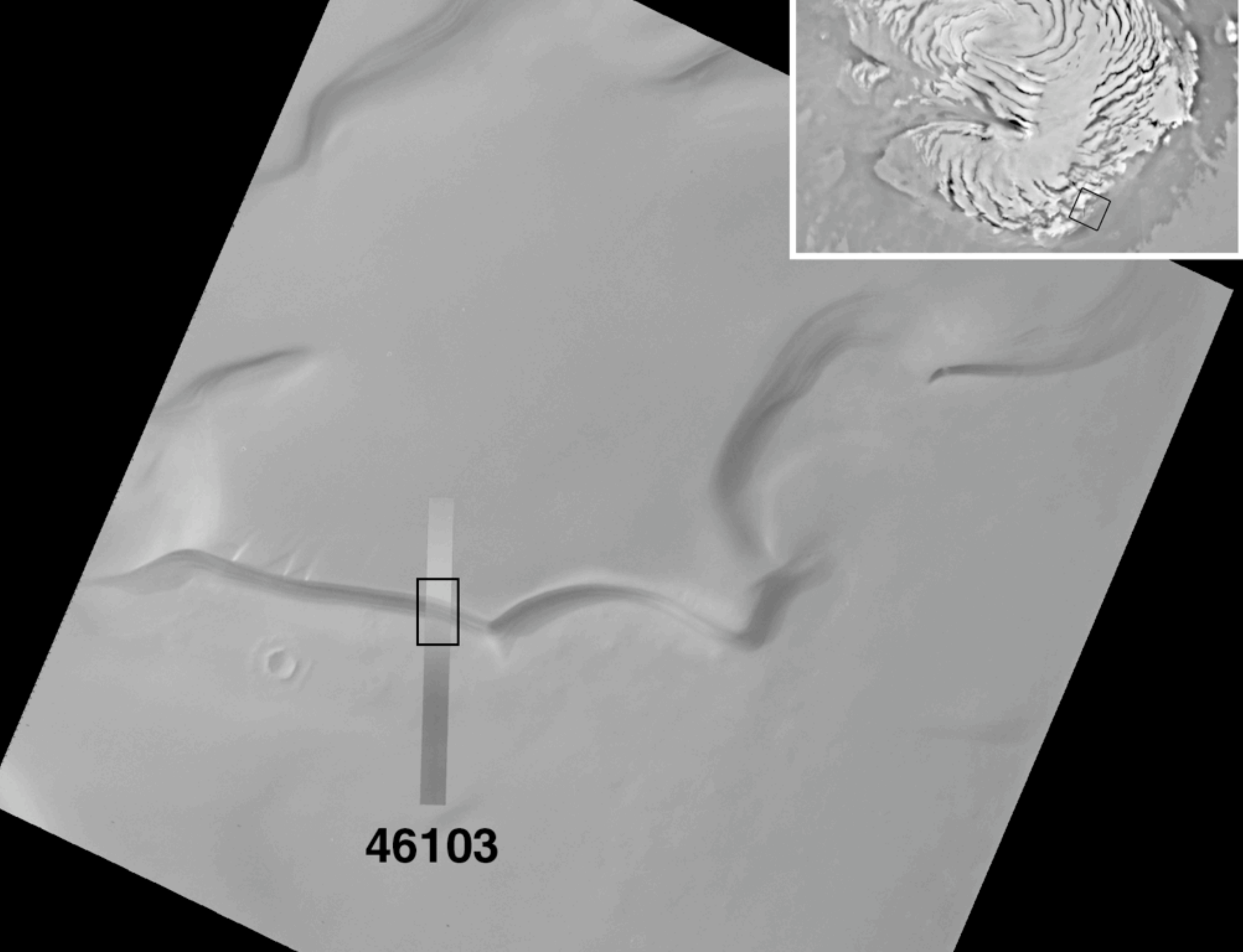






Polar caps: ice

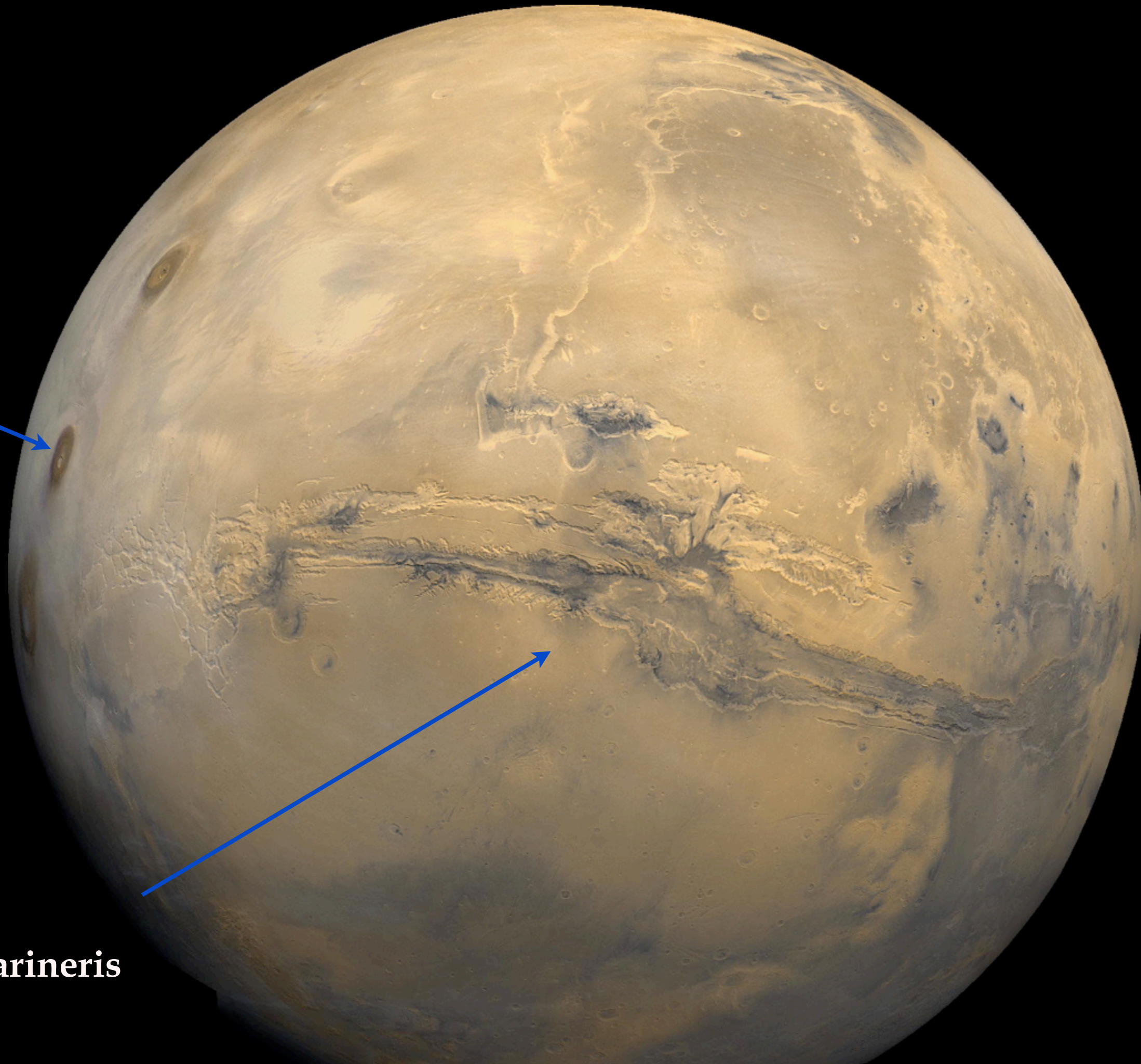
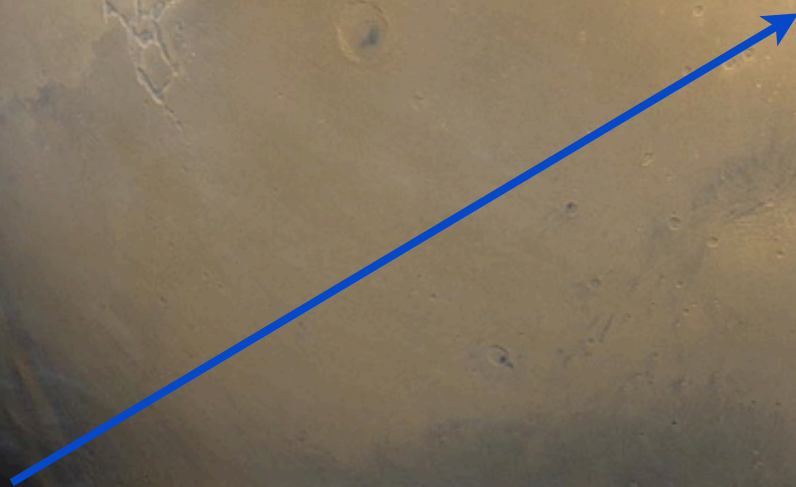


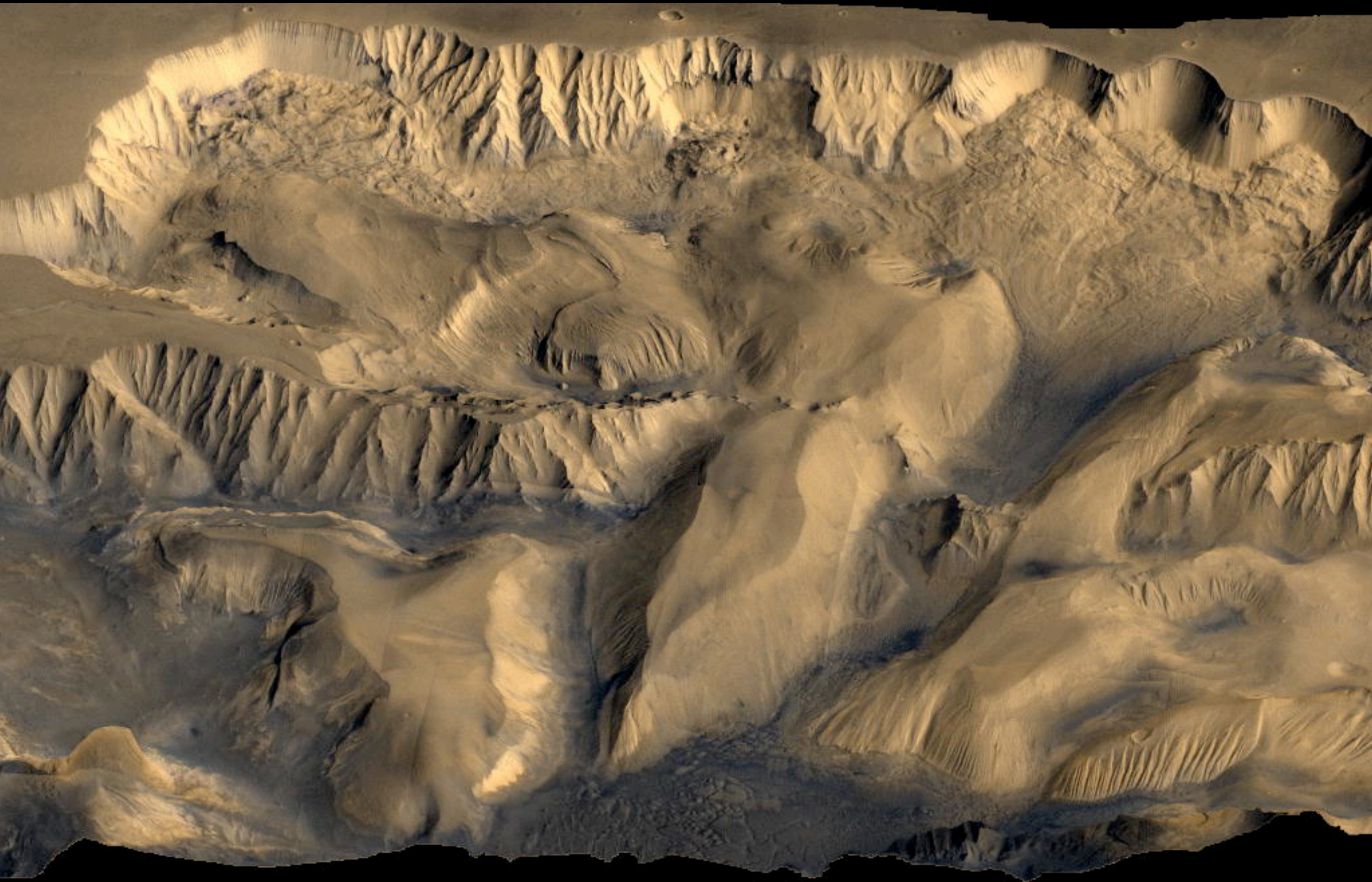


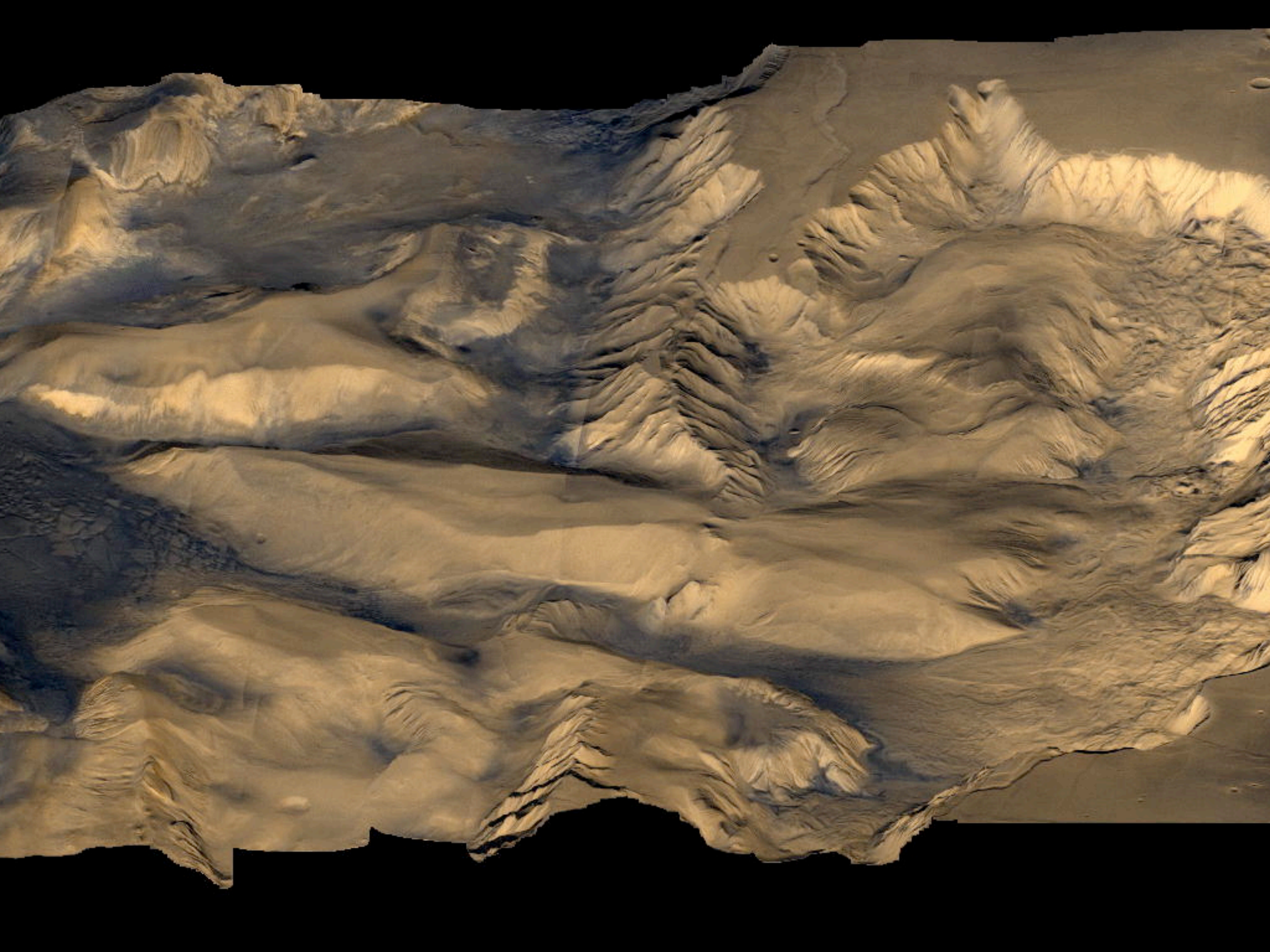
Volcanoes

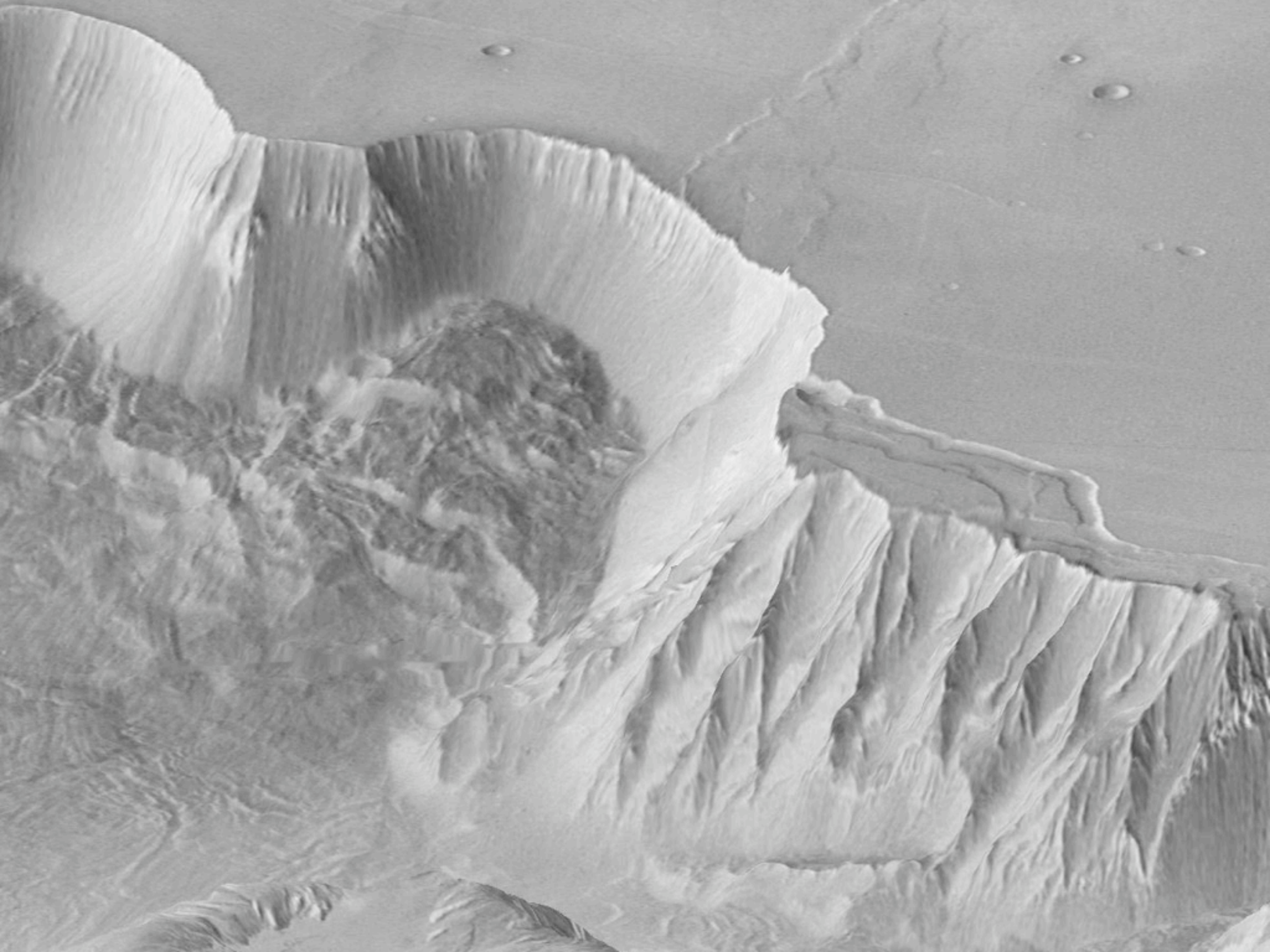


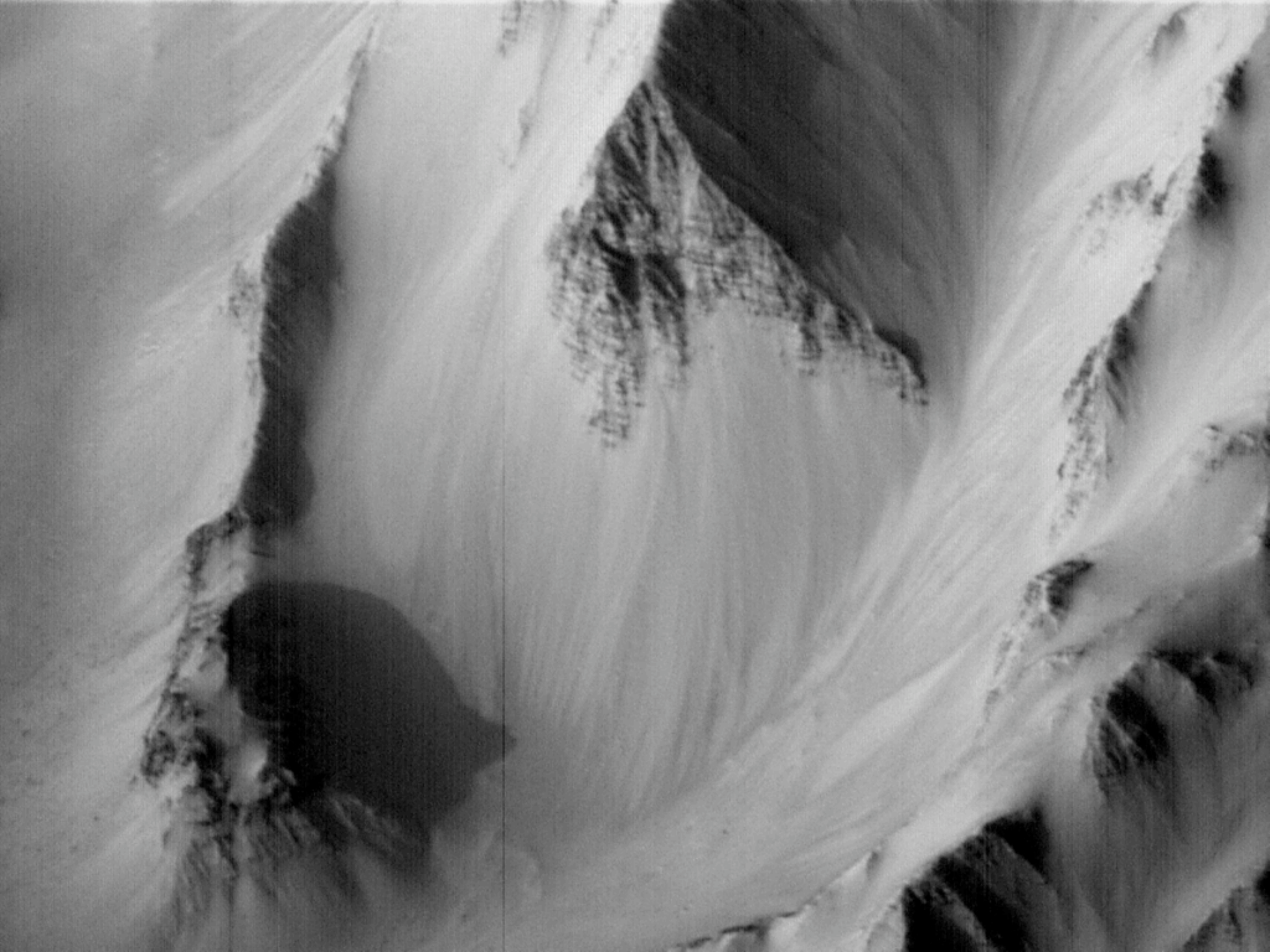
Valles Marineris

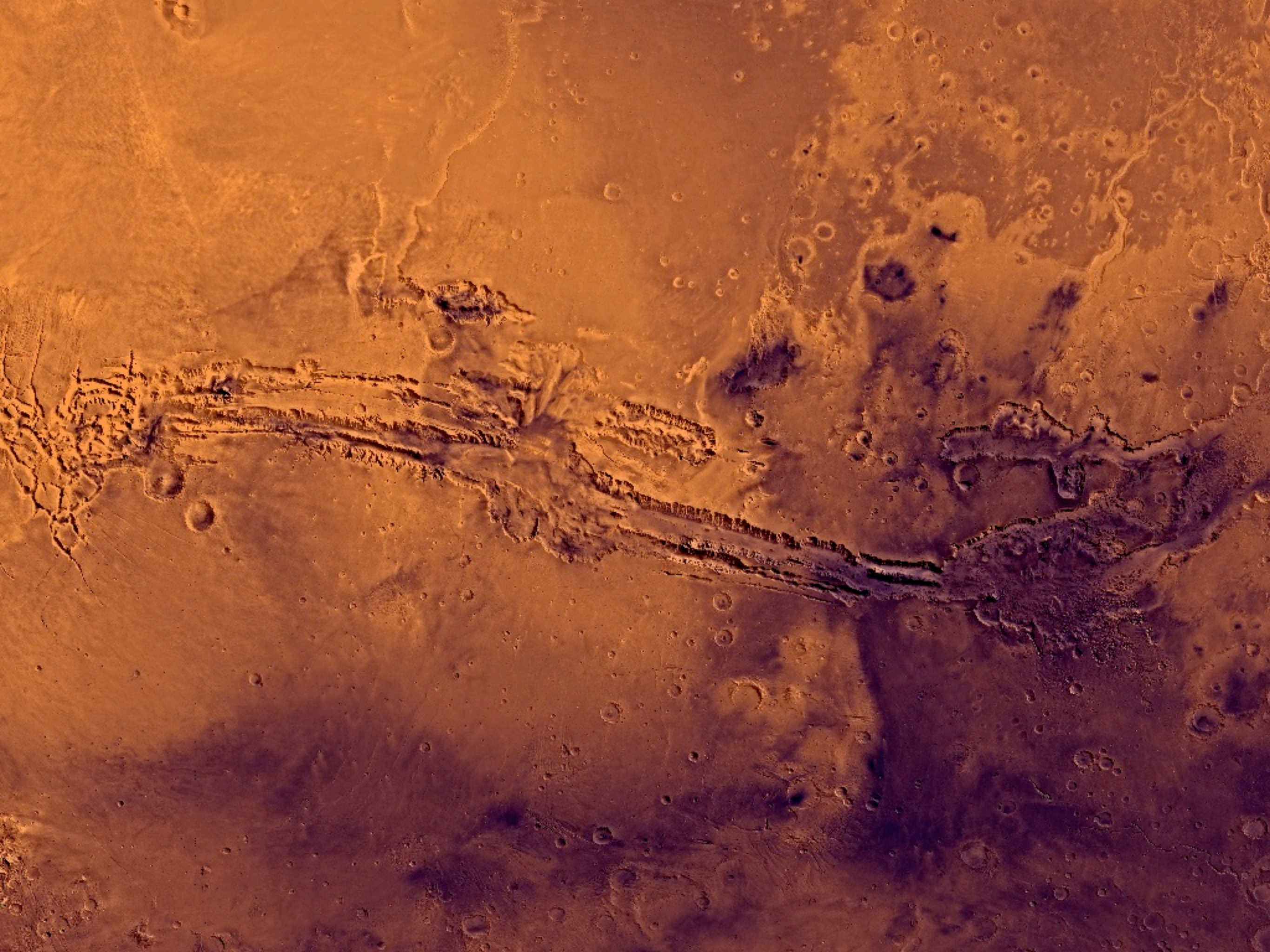












Canyons and dry river beds

